§837.504

be reduced by 10 percent, and the survivor annuities increased, if the annuitant was retired under CSRS, by 55 percent of the supplemental annuity, and if the annuitant was retired under FERS, by 50 percent of the supplemental annuity, unless the reemployed annuitant notifies OPM at the time of application that he or she does not wish to have such reductions and increases effected.

- (c) Creditable service. (1) All actual reemployment service performed after the date of retirement on a full-time or part-time basis may be credited in the computation of a supplemental annuity provided—
- (i) When the reemployment service was performed on or after October 1, 1982, retirement deductions were withheld or, for CSRS annuitants, a deposit has been paid under the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 8334;
- (ii) The reemployment service was not performed subject to another retirement system, except when the deductions under the other retirement system have been refunded and a deposit paid to OPM, where the law so permits, or benefits under the other retirement system have been waived in favor of CSRS or FERS benefits; and
- (iii) The reemployment service has not been used in the computation of another supplemental or redetermined annuity.
- (2) A period of reemployment service during which annuitant status continues and annuity is paid, and which is excluded from the normal annuity offset from pay by special statutory provision, cannot be credited in the computation of a supplemental annuity or any subsequent annuity entitlement.
- (d) Commencing date. (1) Except as provided in clause (2) of this subparagraph, the supplemental annuity commences on the earlier of the first day of the month following—
- (i) The day the annuitant is separated from reemployment; or
- (ii) The day the annuitant is converted to an intermittent status.
- (2) The supplemental annuity of a FERS annuitant, and the supplemental annuity of a CSRS reemployed annuitant who has not elected FERS coverage and who was—

- (i) Involuntarily separated from the reemployment service (except by removal for cause on charges of misconduct or delinquency);
- (ii) Involuntarily converted to an intermittent status, or:
- (iii) Separated from reemployment service, or converted to intermittent status, after serving 3 days or less in the month of such separation or conversion—shall commence on the earlier of the day after separation from reemployment service, the effective date of conversion to intermittent status, or the day after the date pay ceases.

§837.504 Redetermined annuity.

- (a) *Title requirements*. (1) A reemployed annuitant is entitled, on separation, or conversion to intermittent service, to a redetermined annuity if—
- (i) The annuitant performed—
- (A) At least 5 years of actual, continuous, full-time service:
- (B) Actual, continuous part-time service equivalent to 5 years of actual full-time service, or:
- (C) A combination of part-time and full-time actual, continuous service that is equivalent to 5 years of actual full-time service.
- (ii)(A) The annuity was not terminated or suspended during reemployment; and
- (B) The pay during reemployment was subject to offset by the amount of annuity allocable to the period of reemployment; *or*
- (C) The reemployed annuitant separated from an interim appointment made under the provisions of §772.102 of this chapter.
- (iii) Retirement deductions are withheld, or a deposit is paid, for the entire period of continuous reemployment service immediately preceding the most recent separation from reemployment service; and
- (iv) The reemployed annuitant elects the redetermined annuity in lieu of his or her prior annuity and the supplemental annuity that would be payable under § 837.503 of this subpart.
- (2) An employee whose annuity was terminated under the provisions of §837.202(b)(1)(iii) of this part, and who has not elected FERS coverage, is entitled to a redetermined annuity on separation.

- (b) Computation. (1) A redetermined annuity is computed using all the reemployed annuitant's creditable service, under the provisions of law in effect governing the payment of CSRS and/or FERS annuities, as may be applicable, at the time of separation from reemployment service, or conversion to intermittent status.
- (2) The amount of the redetermined annuity of an individual whose previous annuity was terminated under the provisions of §837.202(b)(1)(iii) of this part will at least equal the amount of the terminated annuity plus any increases under section 8340 of title 5, United States Code, occurring after the termination of the previous annuity and before the commencement of the redetermined annuity, adjusted by any annuity increase or reduction resulting from additional or different elections made by the reemployed annuitant.
- (c) Commencing date. The commencing date of the redetermined annuity is the same as the law and/or regulations would provide in the case of a retiring employee.

§ 837.505 Cost-of-living adjustments on Member annuities.

- (a) Applying cost-of-living adjustments to recomputed Member annuities under CSRS. A member annuity benefit that is recomputed under section 8344(d)(1) of title 5, United States Code, which applies to certain former Members who become employed in an appointive position subject to CSRS, will include the cost-of-living adjustments under section 8340 of title 5, United States Code, that are effective after the commencing date of the benefit computed under section 8344(d)(1).
- (b) Limitations on cost-of-living adjustments on recomputed Member annuities under CSRS. For purposes of determining limitations on cost-of-living adjustments under section 8340(g) of title 5, United States Code, the final (or average) salary of a Member whose benefit has been recomputed under section 8344(d)(1) of title 5, United States Code, which applies to certain former Members who become employed in an appointive position subject to CSRS, will be increased by adjustments in the rates of the General Schedule under subpart I of chapter 53 of title 5, United

States Code, that are effective after the commencing date of the benefit computed under section 8344(d)(1).

[59 FR 10267, Mar. 4, 1994]

§837.506 Computation of redetermined annuity for former employees of nonappropriated fund instrumentalities.

The redetermined annuity of a former employee of a nonappropriated fund instrumentality who elected CSRS or FERS coverage under subpart D of part 847 of this chapter is recomputed under part 847 of this chapter.

[61 FR 41720, Aug. 9, 1996]

Subpart F—Death Benefits

§837.601 Generally.

Except as otherwise provided by this subpart, when an annuitant who is reemployed under circumstances that provide for continuation of annuitant status during reemployment dies, death benefits are payable under CSRS or FERS as if the individual died as an annuitant, and not as employee.

§837.602 Lump-sum payment of retirement deductions.

If an annuitant reemployed subject to the provisions of this part dies while so reemployed, and the annuitant would not have been entitled to a supplemental annuity, had the separation been for reasons other than death, or if there is no supplemental spousal survivor annuity payable (including a survivor annuity payable to a former spouse, if the annuitant retired under FERS) the amount of retirement deductions withheld during the period of reemployment will be paid in a lump sum to the person entitled under the provisions of 5 U.S.C. 8342(c) or 8424(d), as appropriate.

§837.603 Increased survivor benefits.

(a) Supplemental survivor annuity. (1) If an annuitant reemployed subject to the provisions of this part dies while so reemployed, and the annuitant would have been entitled to a supplemental annuity, had the separation been for reasons other than death, and there is a spousal survivor annuity payable (including a survivor annuity payable to a